

2-[(*E*)-2-(4-Ethoxyphenyl)ethenyl]-1-methylpyridinium 4-bromobenzene-sulfonate monohydrate¹

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.007$ Å; R factor = 0.071; wR factor = 0.224; data-to-parameter ratio = 22.9.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{18}\text{NO}^+\cdot\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{BrO}_3\text{S}^-\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$, the cation exists in an *E* configuration with respect to the ethenyl bond and is slightly twisted with a dihedral angle of $8.5(2)^\circ$ between pyridinium and benzene rings. In the crystal, the cations are arranged in layers parallel to (100), with π - π interactions between pyridinium and benzene rings [centroid-centroid distances = $3.651(3)$ and $3.613(3)$ Å]. The anions and water molecules are located between the cationic layers. The ions and water molecules are linked into a three-dimensional framework by $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds.

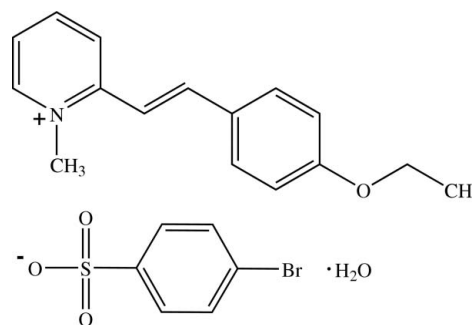
Related literature

The title compound was synthesized as part of an investigation of the influence of the counter-ions on non-linear optical (NLO) properties. For background to NLO materials research, see: Coe *et al.* (2002); Pan *et al.* (1996). For related structures, see: Chanawanno *et al.* (2009); Chantrapromma *et al.* (2006, 2009); Laksana *et al.* (2008). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For the stability of the temperature controller used in the data collection, see: Cosier & Glazer (1986).

¹This paper is dedicated to His Majesty King Bhumibol Adulyadej of Thailand (King Rama IX) for his sustainable development of the country.

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Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{18}\text{NO}^+\cdot\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{BrO}_3\text{S}^-\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$

$M_r = 494.39$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

$a = 9.8022(5)$ Å

$b = 6.5162(3)$ Å

$c = 34.9982(17)$ Å

$\beta = 105.102(3)^\circ$

$V = 2158.24(18)$ Å³

$Z = 4$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 2.04$ mm⁻¹

$T = 100$ K

$0.34 \times 0.31 \times 0.19$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005)

$T_{\min} = 0.547$, $T_{\max} = 0.703$

30564 measured reflections

6286 independent reflections

4937 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.076$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.071$

$wR(F^2) = 0.224$

$S = 1.15$

6286 reflections

275 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 1.26$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.36$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{O1W}-\text{H2W1}\cdots\text{O4}$	0.85	2.09	2.929 (6)	171
$\text{O1W}-\text{H1W1}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{i}}$	0.85	1.99	2.827 (6)	168
$\text{C1}-\text{H1A}\cdots\text{O1W}^{\text{ii}}$	0.93	2.23	3.154 (7)	176
$\text{C2}-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{O1W}^{\text{iii}}$	0.93	2.43	3.223 (7)	143
$\text{C4}-\text{H4A}\cdots\text{O4}$	0.93	2.50	3.378 (7)	158
$\text{C6}-\text{H6A}\cdots\text{O3}^{\text{iv}}$	0.93	2.56	3.442 (7)	159
$\text{C13}-\text{H13A}\cdots\text{O3}^{\text{iv}}$	0.93	2.49	3.387 (7)	161
$\text{C14}-\text{H14A}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{v}}$	0.96	2.57	3.384 (7)	143
$\text{C14}-\text{H14C}\cdots\text{O3}^{\text{iv}}$	0.96	2.51	3.129 (7)	122

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$; (ii) $-x, -y, -z$; (iii) $x, y - 1, z$; (iv) $x - 1, y, z$; (v) $x - 1, y - 1, z$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CI5012).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o305-o306 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809055846]

2-[(*E*)-2-(4-Ethoxyphenyl)ethenyl]-1-methylpyridinium 4-bromobenzenesulfonate monohydrate

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Comment

Ionic organic crystals are of special interest due to their high second order optical nonlinearities (Coe *et al.*, 2002). The orientation of ionic chromophores can be arranged simply by changing the counter-ions (Pan *et al.*, 1996). During the course of our NLO materials research, we have previously synthesized and reported crystal structures of related pyridinium salts containing the 2-[(*E*)-2-(4-ethoxyphenyl)ethenyl]-1-methylpyridinium cationic part (Chanawanno *et al.*, 2009; Laksana *et al.*, 2008). The title compound was synthesized by retaining the same cationic part but changing the anion counter part to 4-bromobenzenesulfonate in order to investigate the influence of the counter-ions on the NLO properties. However, it was found that the title compound crystallized in a centrosymmetric space group $P2_1/c$ and hence no second-order nonlinear optical properties are observed.

In the title compound (Fig. 1), the cation exists in an *E* configuration with respect to the ethenyl bond [C5—C6—C7—C8 = -179.9 (5)°]. The cation is slightly twisted with a dihedral angle between the pyridinium and benzene rings of 8.5 (2)°. The pyridinium and benzene rings of the cation form dihedral angles of 79.2 (2) and 71.0 (2)°, respectively, with the benzene ring of the anion. Bond distances in both cation and anion have normal values (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and are comparable to those observed in related structures (Chanawanno *et al.*, 2009; Chantrapromma *et al.*, 2009; Laksana *et al.*, 2008).

In the crystal, the cations are stacked along the *b* axis and are arranged in layers parallel to the (100) with π - π interactions involving pyridinium (centroid Cg1) and benzene (centroid Cg2) rings [Cg1...Cg1ⁱⁱ = 3.651 (3) Å and Cg1...Cg2ⁱⁱⁱ = 3.613 (3) Å; symmetry codes as in Table 1]. The anions and water molecules are located between the cationic layers. The cations are linked with the water molecules and anions by C—H...O weak interactions (Table 1), whereas the anions are linked with water molecules by O—H...O hydrogen bonds (Table 1). These interactions connect the ionic units and water molecules into a three-dimensional network (Fig. 2).

Experimental

2-[(*E*)-2-(4-Ethoxyphenyl)ethenyl]-1-methylpyridinium iodide (0.21 g, 0.58 mmol) which was prepared according to the previous method (Laksana *et al.*, 2008) was mixed with silver 4-bromobenzenesulfonate (Chantrapromma *et al.*, 2006) (0.20 g, 0.58 mmol) in methanol (100 ml) and stirred for 0.5 h. The precipitate of silver iodide which formed was filtered and the filtrate was evaporated to give the title compound as a yellow solid. Yellow block-shaped single crystals of the title compound suitable for *X*-ray structure determination were recrystallized from methanol by slow evaporation at room temperature over a few weeks (m.p. 463-465 K).

Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with O—H = 0.85 Å and C—H = 0.93-0.97 Å. The U_{iso} values were constrained to be $1.5U_{\text{eq}}$ of the carrier atom for methyl H atoms and $1.2U_{\text{eq}}$ for the remaining H

supplementary materials

atoms. A rotating group model was used for the methyl groups. The highest residual electron density peak is located at 0.81 Å from Br1 and the deepest hole is located at 1.90 Å from Br1.

Figures

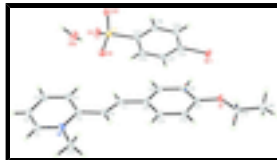


Fig. 1. The asymmetric unit of the title compound, with 50% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom-numbering scheme.

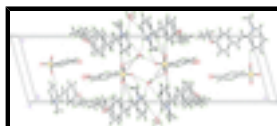


Fig. 2. The crystal packing of the title compound, viewed down the *b* axis. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

2-[(*E*)-2-(4-Ethoxyphenyl)ethenyl]-1-methylpyridinium 4-bromobenzenesulfonate monohydrate

Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{18}NO^+ \cdot C_6H_4BrO_3S^- \cdot H_2O$

$M_r = 494.39$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 9.8022$ (5) Å

$b = 6.5162$ (3) Å

$c = 34.9982$ (17) Å

$\beta = 105.102$ (3)°

$V = 2158.24$ (18) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 1016$

$D_x = 1.522$ Mg m⁻³

Melting point = 463–465 K

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 6286 reflections

$\theta = 2.4$ – 30.0 °

$\mu = 2.04$ mm⁻¹

$T = 100$ K

Block, yellow

$0.34 \times 0.31 \times 0.19$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer

Radiation source: sealed tube graphite

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005)

$T_{\min} = 0.547$, $T_{\max} = 0.703$

30564 measured reflections

6286 independent reflections

4937 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.076$

$\theta_{\max} = 30.0$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 2.4$ °

$h = -13 \rightarrow 12$

$k = -7 \rightarrow 9$

$l = -49 \rightarrow 49$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

$$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.071$$

$$wR(F^2) = 0.224$$

$$S = 1.15$$

6286 reflections

275 parameters

0 restraints

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0686P)^2 + 18.6991P]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 1.26 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.36 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Experimental. The crystal was placed in the cold stream of an Oxford Cryosystems Cobra open-flow nitrogen cryostat (Cosier & Glazer, 1986) operating at 100.0 (1) K.

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Br1	0.61259 (6)	1.18042 (10)	0.235458 (16)	0.02660 (17)
S1	0.57829 (13)	0.5608 (2)	0.09005 (4)	0.0181 (3)
O1	0.0959 (4)	1.1839 (6)	0.19616 (10)	0.0174 (7)
O2	0.5793 (5)	0.6847 (7)	0.05563 (12)	0.0308 (9)
O3	0.6973 (4)	0.4215 (7)	0.10216 (13)	0.0288 (9)
O4	0.4420 (4)	0.4596 (6)	0.08582 (11)	0.0212 (7)
N1	-0.0521 (5)	0.0228 (7)	0.05416 (12)	0.0165 (8)
C1	-0.0322 (6)	-0.1561 (8)	0.03624 (14)	0.0190 (10)
H1A	-0.1099	-0.2379	0.0248	0.023*
C2	0.0992 (6)	-0.2181 (8)	0.03460 (14)	0.0200 (10)
H2A	0.1112	-0.3418	0.0226	0.024*
C3	0.2145 (6)	-0.0946 (8)	0.05103 (15)	0.0205 (10)
H3A	0.3045	-0.1329	0.0497	0.025*
C4	0.1943 (6)	0.0864 (9)	0.06946 (15)	0.0201 (10)
H4A	0.2718	0.1689	0.0807	0.024*
C5	0.0596 (5)	0.1481 (8)	0.07152 (14)	0.0159 (9)
C6	0.0314 (5)	0.3379 (8)	0.09094 (14)	0.0168 (9)
H6A	-0.0618	0.3793	0.0875	0.020*
C7	0.1350 (5)	0.4535 (8)	0.11338 (14)	0.0164 (9)
H7A	0.2272	0.4087	0.1163	0.020*
C8	0.1164 (5)	0.6439 (8)	0.13376 (14)	0.0160 (9)

supplementary materials

C9	0.2375 (5)	0.7467 (8)	0.15528 (14)	0.0173 (9)
H9A	0.3262	0.6938	0.1559	0.021*
C10	0.2276 (5)	0.9264 (8)	0.17581 (14)	0.0175 (9)
H10A	0.3092	0.9922	0.1901	0.021*
C11	0.0950 (5)	1.0080 (7)	0.17496 (13)	0.0142 (8)
C12	-0.0272 (5)	0.9066 (8)	0.15352 (14)	0.0151 (9)
H12A	-0.1159	0.9596	0.1528	0.018*
C13	-0.0152 (5)	0.7263 (8)	0.13326 (14)	0.0161 (9)
H13A	-0.0967	0.6596	0.1191	0.019*
C14	-0.1979 (5)	0.0792 (9)	0.05387 (16)	0.0207 (10)
H14A	-0.2612	-0.0282	0.0415	0.031*
H14B	-0.2233	0.2044	0.0393	0.031*
H14C	-0.2042	0.0981	0.0806	0.031*
C15	-0.0362 (5)	1.2805 (8)	0.19457 (14)	0.0174 (9)
H15A	-0.1005	1.1843	0.2019	0.021*
H15B	-0.0792	1.3308	0.1681	0.021*
C16	-0.0034 (6)	1.4575 (8)	0.22382 (15)	0.0211 (10)
H16A	-0.0891	1.5296	0.2235	0.032*
H16B	0.0619	1.5497	0.2165	0.032*
H16C	0.0377	1.4051	0.2499	0.032*
C17	0.5949 (5)	0.7380 (8)	0.13010 (14)	0.0165 (9)
C18	0.5583 (5)	0.9431 (8)	0.12275 (15)	0.0194 (9)
H18A	0.5304	0.9911	0.0969	0.023*
C19	0.5634 (5)	1.0763 (8)	0.15409 (16)	0.0206 (10)
H19A	0.5389	1.2137	0.1495	0.025*
C20	0.6059 (5)	1.0000 (8)	0.19242 (15)	0.0187 (9)
C21	0.6451 (5)	0.7944 (9)	0.20045 (15)	0.0203 (10)
H21A	0.6745	0.7465	0.2263	0.024*
C22	0.6388 (5)	0.6640 (8)	0.16850 (15)	0.0194 (9)
H22A	0.6641	0.5268	0.1729	0.023*
O1W	0.2862 (4)	0.4509 (7)	0.00213 (12)	0.0272 (9)
H2W1	0.3391	0.4482	0.0256	0.06 (3)*
H1W1	0.3314	0.3960	-0.0129	0.04 (2)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br1	0.0304 (3)	0.0266 (3)	0.0250 (3)	-0.0038 (2)	0.0113 (2)	-0.0113 (2)
S1	0.0172 (5)	0.0182 (6)	0.0201 (5)	-0.0051 (4)	0.0070 (4)	-0.0055 (4)
O1	0.0171 (16)	0.0143 (16)	0.0206 (16)	-0.0004 (13)	0.0045 (13)	-0.0053 (13)
O2	0.043 (2)	0.029 (2)	0.0243 (19)	-0.011 (2)	0.0162 (18)	-0.0062 (17)
O3	0.0190 (18)	0.028 (2)	0.038 (2)	0.0020 (16)	0.0049 (16)	-0.0159 (18)
O4	0.0161 (16)	0.0216 (19)	0.0256 (18)	-0.0063 (14)	0.0049 (14)	-0.0051 (15)
N1	0.020 (2)	0.014 (2)	0.0161 (18)	-0.0013 (16)	0.0057 (15)	-0.0011 (15)
C1	0.028 (3)	0.015 (2)	0.015 (2)	-0.0033 (19)	0.0065 (18)	-0.0008 (17)
C2	0.030 (3)	0.014 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.0012 (19)	0.0053 (19)	-0.0025 (17)
C3	0.024 (2)	0.019 (2)	0.019 (2)	0.005 (2)	0.0057 (18)	-0.0003 (19)
C4	0.021 (2)	0.021 (3)	0.018 (2)	-0.0006 (19)	0.0046 (18)	-0.0046 (18)

C5	0.020 (2)	0.013 (2)	0.0142 (19)	-0.0031 (17)	0.0036 (16)	-0.0017 (16)
C6	0.018 (2)	0.015 (2)	0.018 (2)	0.0004 (18)	0.0046 (17)	-0.0012 (17)
C7	0.018 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.0005 (18)	0.0070 (17)	-0.0011 (17)
C8	0.018 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.0148 (19)	-0.0022 (17)	0.0051 (16)	-0.0016 (17)
C9	0.018 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.018 (2)	-0.0004 (17)	0.0060 (17)	-0.0034 (17)
C10	0.016 (2)	0.019 (2)	0.017 (2)	-0.0034 (18)	0.0034 (16)	-0.0048 (18)
C11	0.017 (2)	0.013 (2)	0.0131 (19)	-0.0020 (16)	0.0043 (16)	-0.0019 (16)
C12	0.014 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.0152 (19)	0.0006 (17)	0.0043 (16)	-0.0012 (17)
C13	0.017 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.015 (2)	-0.0011 (17)	0.0040 (16)	-0.0018 (17)
C14	0.017 (2)	0.018 (2)	0.027 (2)	-0.0029 (18)	0.0048 (18)	-0.0055 (19)
C15	0.022 (2)	0.012 (2)	0.018 (2)	0.0016 (18)	0.0047 (17)	-0.0020 (17)
C16	0.025 (2)	0.017 (2)	0.021 (2)	0.006 (2)	0.0044 (19)	-0.0040 (18)
C17	0.014 (2)	0.017 (2)	0.019 (2)	-0.0039 (17)	0.0065 (17)	-0.0058 (17)
C18	0.018 (2)	0.020 (2)	0.020 (2)	-0.0010 (19)	0.0049 (18)	-0.0013 (19)
C19	0.018 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.026 (2)	-0.0003 (18)	0.0045 (19)	-0.0038 (19)
C20	0.017 (2)	0.020 (2)	0.020 (2)	-0.0020 (18)	0.0061 (17)	-0.0057 (18)
C21	0.020 (2)	0.021 (3)	0.019 (2)	-0.001 (2)	0.0047 (18)	-0.0016 (19)
C22	0.019 (2)	0.017 (2)	0.023 (2)	-0.0015 (18)	0.0068 (18)	-0.0037 (19)
O1W	0.0217 (18)	0.036 (2)	0.0234 (19)	-0.0020 (17)	0.0056 (15)	-0.0065 (17)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Br1—C20	1.898 (5)	C10—C11	1.397 (7)
S1—O3	1.451 (4)	C10—H10A	0.93
S1—O2	1.452 (4)	C11—C12	1.402 (6)
S1—O4	1.462 (4)	C12—C13	1.393 (7)
S1—C17	1.790 (5)	C12—H12A	0.93
O1—C11	1.365 (6)	C13—H13A	0.93
O1—C15	1.427 (6)	C14—H14A	0.96
N1—C1	1.361 (6)	C14—H14B	0.96
N1—C5	1.374 (6)	C14—H14C	0.96
N1—C14	1.473 (7)	C15—C16	1.520 (7)
C1—C2	1.366 (8)	C15—H15A	0.97
C1—H1A	0.93	C15—H15B	0.97
C2—C3	1.385 (8)	C16—H16A	0.96
C2—H2A	0.93	C16—H16B	0.96
C3—C4	1.383 (7)	C16—H16C	0.96
C3—H3A	0.93	C17—C22	1.387 (7)
C4—C5	1.401 (7)	C17—C18	1.390 (8)
C4—H4A	0.93	C18—C19	1.390 (7)
C5—C6	1.471 (7)	C18—H18A	0.93
C6—C7	1.341 (7)	C19—C20	1.389 (7)
C6—H6A	0.93	C19—H19A	0.93
C7—C8	1.466 (7)	C20—C21	1.402 (8)
C7—H7A	0.93	C21—C22	1.393 (7)
C8—C13	1.393 (7)	C21—H21A	0.93
C8—C9	1.400 (7)	C22—H22A	0.93
C9—C10	1.390 (7)	O1W—H2W1	0.85
C9—H9A	0.93	O1W—H1W1	0.85

supplementary materials

O3—S1—O2	114.3 (3)	C13—C12—C11	119.7 (4)
O3—S1—O4	113.0 (3)	C13—C12—H12A	120.1
O2—S1—O4	111.7 (3)	C11—C12—H12A	120.1
O3—S1—C17	105.8 (2)	C12—C13—C8	121.3 (5)
O2—S1—C17	105.8 (3)	C12—C13—H13A	119.4
O4—S1—C17	105.3 (2)	C8—C13—H13A	119.4
C11—O1—C15	118.2 (4)	N1—C14—H14A	109.5
C1—N1—C5	121.3 (4)	N1—C14—H14B	109.5
C1—N1—C14	117.7 (4)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
C5—N1—C14	121.0 (4)	N1—C14—H14C	109.5
N1—C1—C2	121.5 (5)	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
N1—C1—H1A	119.2	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C2—C1—H1A	119.2	O1—C15—C16	106.1 (4)
C1—C2—C3	119.2 (5)	O1—C15—H15A	110.5
C1—C2—H2A	120.4	C16—C15—H15A	110.5
C3—C2—H2A	120.4	O1—C15—H15B	110.5
C4—C3—C2	119.3 (5)	C16—C15—H15B	110.5
C4—C3—H3A	120.4	H15A—C15—H15B	108.7
C2—C3—H3A	120.4	C15—C16—H16A	109.5
C3—C4—C5	121.3 (5)	C15—C16—H16B	109.5
C3—C4—H4A	119.3	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
C5—C4—H4A	119.3	C15—C16—H16C	109.5
N1—C5—C4	117.4 (4)	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
N1—C5—C6	118.7 (4)	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
C4—C5—C6	123.9 (4)	C22—C17—C18	120.9 (5)
C7—C6—C5	122.6 (5)	C22—C17—S1	118.5 (4)
C7—C6—H6A	118.7	C18—C17—S1	120.6 (4)
C5—C6—H6A	118.7	C19—C18—C17	120.0 (5)
C6—C7—C8	126.1 (5)	C19—C18—H18A	120.0
C6—C7—H7A	116.9	C17—C18—H18A	120.0
C8—C7—H7A	116.9	C20—C19—C18	118.6 (5)
C13—C8—C9	118.4 (5)	C20—C19—H19A	120.7
C13—C8—C7	123.5 (4)	C18—C19—H19A	120.7
C9—C8—C7	118.1 (4)	C19—C20—C21	122.2 (5)
C10—C9—C8	121.2 (5)	C19—C20—Br1	119.0 (4)
C10—C9—H9A	119.4	C21—C20—Br1	118.8 (4)
C8—C9—H9A	119.4	C22—C21—C20	118.0 (5)
C9—C10—C11	119.9 (4)	C22—C21—H21A	121.0
C9—C10—H10A	120.0	C20—C21—H21A	121.0
C11—C10—H10A	120.0	C17—C22—C21	120.2 (5)
O1—C11—C10	115.7 (4)	C17—C22—H22A	119.9
O1—C11—C12	124.7 (4)	C21—C22—H22A	119.9
C10—C11—C12	119.5 (4)	H2W1—O1W—H1W1	107.7
C5—N1—C1—C2	-0.3 (7)	O1—C11—C12—C13	-179.3 (4)
C14—N1—C1—C2	178.9 (5)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-0.2 (7)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-1.0 (8)	C11—C12—C13—C8	-0.1 (7)
C1—C2—C3—C4	1.4 (8)	C9—C8—C13—C12	0.1 (7)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.6 (8)	C7—C8—C13—C12	179.2 (5)
C1—N1—C5—C4	1.1 (7)	C11—O1—C15—C16	174.6 (4)

C14—N1—C5—C4	-178.1 (5)	O3—S1—C17—C22	-39.4 (5)
C1—N1—C5—C6	-179.1 (4)	O2—S1—C17—C22	-161.1 (4)
C14—N1—C5—C6	1.8 (7)	O4—S1—C17—C22	80.5 (4)
C3—C4—C5—N1	-0.6 (7)	O3—S1—C17—C18	143.5 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	179.5 (5)	O2—S1—C17—C18	21.8 (5)
N1—C5—C6—C7	170.2 (5)	O4—S1—C17—C18	-96.6 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-10.0 (8)	C22—C17—C18—C19	-1.0 (7)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-179.9 (5)	S1—C17—C18—C19	176.0 (4)
C6—C7—C8—C13	2.2 (8)	C17—C18—C19—C20	0.2 (7)
C6—C7—C8—C9	-178.7 (5)	C18—C19—C20—C21	0.8 (8)
C13—C8—C9—C10	0.1 (7)	C18—C19—C20—Br1	-179.8 (4)
C7—C8—C9—C10	-179.0 (5)	C19—C20—C21—C22	-0.9 (8)
C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.4 (8)	Br1—C20—C21—C22	179.7 (4)
C15—O1—C11—C10	176.5 (4)	C18—C17—C22—C21	0.9 (7)
C15—O1—C11—C12	-4.3 (7)	S1—C17—C22—C21	-176.2 (4)
C9—C10—C11—O1	179.6 (4)	C20—C21—C22—C17	0.1 (7)
C9—C10—C11—C12	0.4 (7)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
O1W—H2W1...O4	0.85	2.09	2.929 (6)	171
O1W—H1W1...O2 ⁱ	0.85	1.99	2.827 (6)	168
C1—H1A...O1W ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.23	3.154 (7)	176
C2—H2A...O1W ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.43	3.223 (7)	143
C4—H4A...O4	0.93	2.50	3.378 (7)	158
C6—H6A...O3 ^{iv}	0.93	2.56	3.442 (7)	159
C13—H13A...O3 ^{iv}	0.93	2.49	3.387 (7)	161
C14—H14A...O2 ^v	0.96	2.57	3.384 (7)	143
C14—H14C...O3 ^{iv}	0.96	2.51	3.129 (7)	122

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z$; (ii) $-x, -y, -z$; (iii) $x, y-1, z$; (iv) $x-1, y, z$; (v) $x-1, y-1, z$.

Fig. 1

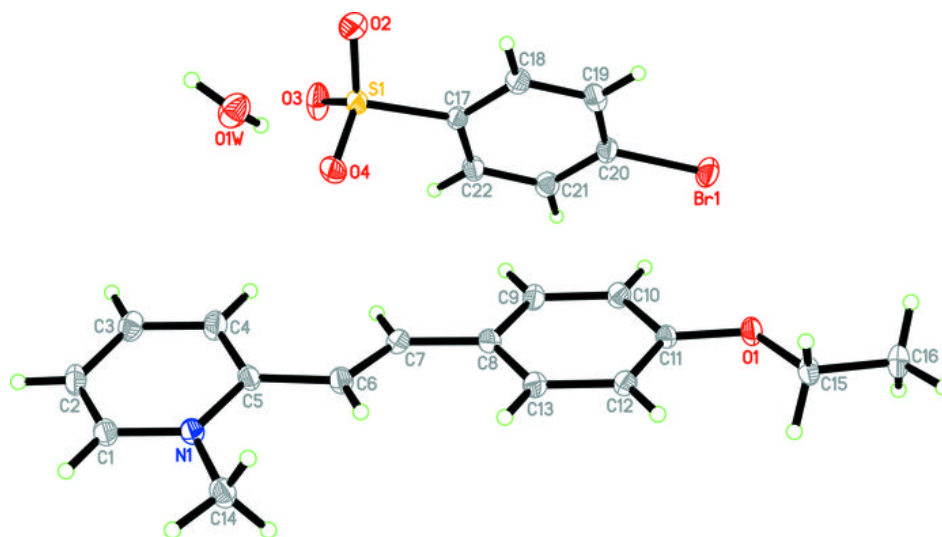


Fig. 2

